

Topology HW 2

Elisha Brooks

September 6, 2020

4. $(H, \text{halfdisk})$, the upper half plane with the half-disk topology, is Hausdorff but not regular.

Proof:

We are working in $H = P \cup L$: the upper half plane $P = \{(x, y) | x, y \in \mathbb{R}, y > 0\}$, unioned with the x-axis L .

To see that this space is Hausdorff is trivial. For any two points in the plane, we can see that there exist disjoint open balls centered on each. For a point on the line L and a point in the plane, we can do the same thing as above. For any two points on the line L , we can take any open half-disk neighborhood centered at each and shrink their diameters until they are disjoint.

By definition, regular means that in our topological space, given any point x and a disjoint closed set B , we can find disjoint open sets containing x and B respectively.

Let $x \in L$ and consider a subbasis element centered at x , D_x . If we take $C = H - D_x$, we can see that C contains all of the diameter points of D_x except for x itself.

Now take some open neighborhood of x , V . \overline{V} must intersect C (i.e. at those diameter points). In other words, every neighborhood of the closed set C intersects every neighborhood of x . This shows that the space is not regular.