

## EXAM 2

You must upload the solutions to this exam by 11:59pm on *Sunday 07/28*. Since this is a take home, I want all your solutions to be neat and well written.

**You can look at class discussions on Cocalc and *our* book only (*except* for the hints to exercises in the back of the book)!** You *cannot* look at our videos, solutions posted by me or *any* other references (including the Internet) without my previous approval. Also, of course, you cannot discuss this with *anyone*!

You can use a computer only to check your answers, as **you need to show work in all questions**.

- 1) [15 points] Find all the units of  $\mathbb{I}_{14}$  and for each unit, find its inverse.
  
- 2) [20 points] For all examples below, check *all* the boxes that apply [no need to justify]:
  - (a)  $\mathbb{N} = \{0, 1, 2, \dots\}$ :  non-commutative ring,  commutative ring,  domain,  field.
  - (b)  $\mathbb{R}$ :  non-commutative ring,  commutative ring,  domain,  field.
  - (c)  $\mathbb{I}_5[x]$ :  non-commutative ring,  commutative ring,  domain,  field.
  - (d)  $\mathbb{I}_6[x]$ :  non-commutative ring,  commutative ring,  domain,  field.
  - (e)  $M_2(\mathbb{Q})$  [i.e.,  $2 \times 2$  matrices with entries in  $\mathbb{Q}$ ]:  non-commutative ring,  commutative ring,  domain,  field.
  
- 3) [15 points] Give the prime field of the following fields [no need to justify]:
  - (a)  $\mathbb{Q}$
  - (b)  $\mathbb{R}(x)$
  - (c)  $\mathbb{F}_p(x, y)$  [Note that  $\mathbb{F}_p(x, y)$  is the field of rational functions in two variables. You can see if as the field of fractions of  $\mathbb{F}_p(x)[y]$ , i.e.,  $\mathbb{F}_p(x)(y)$ .]
  
- 4) Let  $R = \mathbb{Z}[\sqrt{3}] = \{a + b\sqrt{3} : a, b \in \mathbb{Z}\}$ .
  - (a) [10 points] Is  $R$  a commutative ring? [Justify!]
  - (b) [5 points] Is  $R$  an integral domain? [Justify!]
  - (c) [5 points] Is  $R$  a field? [Justify!]

**5)** Let  $F$  be the field of fractions of the Gaussian integers  $\mathbb{Z}[i] = \{a + bi : a, b \in \mathbb{Z}\}$ . [Remember that  $i$  is the complex number with  $i^2 = -1$  and that  $\mathbb{Z}[i]$  is a domain.]

(a) [5 points] Is  $\frac{2 - 3i}{3 + 2i} = \frac{-1}{i}$  in  $F$ ? [Show your computations.]

(b) [10 points] Let  $\alpha = \frac{1}{2 + i}$  and  $\beta = \frac{1 + i}{2 - i}$ . Compute  $\alpha + \beta$  and  $\alpha \cdot \beta$  [in  $F$ ]. [Show work!]