

Math 447: Quiz 4 Solution

Name:-----

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Use the definition of limit to prove that

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2n + 1000}{n - 2} = 2$$

We will show that for any $\epsilon > 0$, there exists $N_\epsilon \in \mathbb{N}$ such that $\left| \frac{2n + 1000}{n - 2} - 2 \right| < \epsilon$.

Scratch work:

$$\left| \frac{2n + 1000}{n - 2} - 2 \right| = \left| \frac{2n + 1000 - 2(n - 2)}{n - 2} \right| = \left| \frac{1004}{n - 2} \right| = \frac{1004}{n - 2}, \quad \text{for } n \geq 3.$$

So now $\frac{1004}{n - 2} < \epsilon \Leftrightarrow \frac{1004}{\epsilon} + 2 < n$.

Given $\epsilon > 0$, choose a natural number $N > \max \left\{ \frac{1004}{\epsilon} + 2, 3 \right\}$. Then for all $n \geq N$, we have

$$\left| \frac{2n + 1000}{n - 2} - 2 \right| = \frac{1004}{n - 2} \leq \frac{1004}{N - 2} < \epsilon,$$

as we wanted to show.